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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/786,295	02/26/2004	John W. Clapper JR.	21365	3436
75	90 11/21/2006		EXAM	INER
Peter N. Lalos			TORRES, ALICIA M	
Stevens, Davis,	Miller & Mosher, LLP			
Suite 850			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
1615 L Street, NW			3671	
Washington, DC 20036-5622			DATE MAILED: 11/21/200	<i>c</i>

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/786,295	CLAPPER, JOHN W.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Alicia M. Torres	3671				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION (16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be strill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDON	DN. timely filed m the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status	•					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 Au	<u>ıgust 2006</u> .					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims		•				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-16</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-16</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	·					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Offic	e Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
Copies of the certified copies of the prior	ity documents have been recei	ved in this National Stage				
application from the International Bureau	ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ved.				
Attachment(s)	🗖	(272.442)				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) LJ Other:						

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Risch 5,111,602 in view of Heiple et al. 6,209,237 and Wilson 3,325,926.
- 3. Regarding claims 1-7 and 16, Risch discloses a grappling assembly for a machine having a boom, comprising:
 - A dipper stick (30) pivotally connected to a boom (not shown)
 - An implement (44) connected to the dipper stick (30)
 - Means (38) for moving the implement (44) relative to the dipper stick (30)
 - An arm (50a,b) connected to the underside of the dipper stick (30) and movable between a grappling position and an inoperative position
 - Means (16a,b, 38) for pivoting the arm (50a,b) relative to the dipper stick (30)
 - Means (59, 66a,b) for detachably latching the arm (50a,b) in the operative position including the arm (50a,b) having a transversely extending recess (66a,b), as per claim 1;
 and
 - The means (16a,b, 38) for moving the arm (50a,b) is receivable within the arm (50a,b) when the arm (50a,b) is inoperative, as per claim 2; and

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• The means (16a,b, 38) for pivoting the arm comprising a fluid actuated cylinder (38), as per claim 3;

• The arm (50a,b) having a jagged edge (25), as per claim 7.

However, Risch fails to disclose wherein the latching means includes the dipper stick having a yieldably biased, transversely displaceable protuberance tripable upon engagement by the arm and receivable in the recess when the arm member is pivoted between the operative and the inoperative position;

wherein in the inoperative position, the arm member is disposed along an underside of the dipper stick;

wherein the means operatively interconnect underside of the dipper stick and the arm member, as per claim 1; and

- The protuberance has a curved outer surface and biased by a spring seated in the dipper stick, as per claim 4; and
- a bracket having a pair of outwardly, yieldingly biased protuberances
- recesses registerable with the protuberances in a snap-fit manner, as per claim 5; and
- the biasing force exerted on the protuberance sufficient to yieldably bias the protuberance in the recess yet insufficient to retain the protuberance therein upon pivoting from the inoperative to the grappling position, as per claim 6; and

wherein said member having said recess includes an element disposed in a plane
perpendicular to the pivotal axis of said arm member and including said protuberance biased in
an extended position, engageable with said protuberance in camming relation to cause said

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protuberance to displace and then be inserted into said recess when said arm member is angularly displaced to said inoperative position, as per claim 16.

Heiple et al. discloses a similar grappling assembly including an arm member (30) interconnected to the underside of the dipper stick (10, at 34) such that in an inoperative position, the arm member (30) is disposed along an underside of the dipper stick (10).

Wilson teaches the use of a pair of outwardly, yieldingly biased protuberances (54) and recesses (43) registerable with the protuberances (54) and tripable upon engagement by the piece (26) and receivable in the recesses (43); and

- The protuberance (54) has a curved outer surface (see the embodiment 41 of Figure 4) and biased by a spring (52) seated in the bracket
- a bracket having a pair of outwardly, yieldingly biased protuberances (54)
- recesses (43) registerable with the protuberances (54) in a snap-fit manner
- the biasing force (by spring 52) exerted on the protuberance sufficient to yieldably bias the protuberances (54) in the recesses (43) yet insufficient to retain the protuberances (54) in response to pivoting.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the arm member location of Heiple et al. on the device of Risch in order to avoid interference with the bucket operation.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the connection of Wilson on the device of Risch in order to securely retain parts of an excavation device.

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4. Regarding claims 8-15, Risch discloses an assembly comprising:

- An arm (50a,b) connected to the underside of the dipper (30)
- Means (16a,b, 38) for pivoting the arm (50a,b) for grappling objects
- Means (59, 66a,b) for detachably latching the arm (50a,b) in the inoperative position including the arm (50ab) having a transversely extending recess (66a,b), as per claim 8;
 and
- The means (16a,b, 38) for moving the arm (50a,b) is receivable within two elongated plate members of the arm (50a,b) when the arm (50a,b) is inoperative, as per claims 9 and 14;
- The means (16a,b, 38) for pivoting the arm comprising a fluid actuated cylinder (38), as per claim 10;
- the biasing force exerted on the protuberance sufficient to yieldably bias the protuberance in the recess yet insufficient to retain the protuberance therein upon pivoting from the inoperative to the grappling position, as per claim 13; and
- The arm (50a,b) having a jagged edge (25), as per claim 15.

However, Risch fails to disclose a second member having a yieldably biased, transversely displaceable protuberance tripable upon engagement by the one of the arm and receivable in the recess when the arm emmeber is pivoted between the operative and inoperative positions; and the means for pivoting the arm member being mounted on the underside of the dipper stick, as per claim 8; and

a curved button protuberance receivable in the recess, the button biased outwardly by a spring, as per claim 11; and

a bracket having a pair of outwardly, yieldingly biased protuberances

• recesses registerable with the protuberances in a snap-fit manner, as per claim 12.

Heiple et al. discloses a similar grappling assembly wherein the means (34, 35) for pivoting

the arm member (30) is mounted on the underside of the dipper stick (10).

Wilson teaches the use of a pair of outwardly, yieldingly biased curved button protuberances

(54, see embodiment 41 of Figure 4) and recesses (43) registerable in a snap-fit manner with the

protuberances (54) and tripable upon engagement by the piece (26) and receivable in the recesses

(43), a spring (52) biasing the protuberances (54).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention

was made to include the arm member location of Heiple et al. on the device of Risch in order to

avoid interference with the bucket operation.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention

was made to include the connection of Wilson on the device of Risch in order to securely retain

parts of an excavation device.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to the amendments made to claims 1 and 8 have been

considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

The examiner would like to point out however, that upon engagement of the arm member

with the dipper stick, the detent disclosed by Wilson is tripable by inward pressure by a user or

operator.

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The applicant refers to a Shaw reference in the arguments, the examiner is unaware of any Shaw reference being cited or used in a rejection.

Conclusion

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alicia M. Torres whose telephone number is 571-272-6997. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Thursday from 7:00 a.m. – 4:30 p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thomas B. Will, can be reached at 571-272-6998.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the group receptionist whose telephone number is 571-272-3600. The fax number for this Group is 571-273-8300.

Thought B. Will Supervisory Patent Examiner

AMT November 17, 2006